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Competency Based Curriculum

For Classes 9 to 12 (NSQF Levels 1 to 4)

Course: Agriculture

(Job Role: Paddy Farmer)

Developed by

Prof. (Dr.) Asfa M. Yasin

Professor, Department of Agriculture and Animal Husbandry





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(a constituent unit of NCERT, an autonomous organization under MHRD, Government of India) Shyamla Hills, Bhopal

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(a constituent unit of NCERT, an autonomous organization under Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India) Shyamla Hills, Bhopal - 462 013, India

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Agriculture (Job Role: Paddy Farmer) For Classes 9th to 12th; NSQF Levels 1 to 4

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PREFACE

Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India developed the National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF) to introduce vocational courses from class 9th onwards .The NSQF organizes qualifications according to a series of levels of knowledge and skills. These levels are defined in terms of learning outcomes i.e., the competencies (knowledge, skills and attitude) which the learners must possess regardless of whether they were acquired through formal, non-formal or informal education and training system. Qualifications are made up of occupational standards for specific areas of learning units or unit of competency. Units of competency are the specification of knowledge and skill and the application of that knowledge and skill to the standard of performance expected in the workplace. The unit of competency or National Occupation Standards comprising generic and technical competencies an employee should possess are laid down by the Sector Skill Council of the respective economic or social sector.

Competency is defined in terms of what a person is required to do (performance), under what conditions it is done (conditions) and how well it is to be done (standards). It can be broadly categorized into foundational, practical and reflexive competencies. Generic competencies are considered essential for a person to participate effectively in the workforce, whereas technical competencies are an individual's knowledge and expertise in the specific group task and its processes and its rules and regulations. An executive order F.No.1-4/2011-VE dated 3 Sept., 2012 on the various aspects of NVEQF has been issued by the MHRD. For more details on the NVEQF, please visit the website of MHRD at www.mhrd.gov.in

The competency based curriculum is broken down into coherent parts known as Units. Each unit is further broken down into knowledge and skills on the basis of which evidence is to be provided by the learner and the evaluation is to be done by the teacher or trainer.

PSSCIVE which is part of NCERT New Delhi is mandated by Government of India as an apex R&D Institute for Vocational Education. The institute has taken up development of curriculum and courseware for classes 9th to 12th to introduce vocational courses in secondary and senior secondary schools in of the country.

Prof. (Dr.) R.B. Shivagunde

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1. About the Course

Agriculture is the cultivation of plants, fungi, and other life forms for food, fiber, medicinal and other products used to sustain and enhance human life. It also includes livestock production which provides milk and meat products, fibers and other raw materials. The major agricultural products can be broadly grouped into foods, fibers, fuels, meat, spices and raw materials. Fibers include cotton, wool, hemp, silk and flax. Agriculture and allied sectors, like forestry and fisheries in India accounted for 13.7% of the GDP (Gross Domestic Product) in 2013. India is the world's largest producer of many fresh fruits and vegetables, milk, major spices fresh meat, fibrous crops, such as jute. India is the second largest producer of wheat and rice, the world's major food staples.

Over one third of the world's workers are employed in agriculture, second only to the service sector. In India agriculture employs about 50% of the total workforce.

The Ministry of Agriculture is the main authority in India for regulation and development of activities relating to agriculture, horticulture, fishing, animal husbandry, etc. It is implementing various schemes and policies for the sector through its various departments and institutions, including Department of Agriculture and Cooperation and Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying and Fisheries. The Ministry of Food Processing Industries is actively engaged in promotion of entrepreneurial activities in the segments of fruits and vegetables processing, fish processing, mushroom processing, honey processing, etc. Besides, commodity boards, like tea board, coffee board, rubber board, medicinal plants board, etc. have been set up to boost the growth of the sectors like tea, coffee, rubber, medicinal plants, respectively.

There exists innumerable business opportunities in the agriculture and allied sectors. Education and training in agriculture meet the requirements of industries that employ educated personnel and also prepare people for undertaking farming and allied activities. Higher education in agriculture is required for meeting the needs of human resource needed for conducting research, teaching and training. Introduction of vocational courses in agriculture is seen as a strategy to create educated and productive workforce who will employ scientific methods for promoting sustainable agriculture.

It is with this view the Govt. of India has brought this neglected sector under the umbrella of National Skill Development Mission. The constitution of Agriculture Skill Council of India (ASCI) under the National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) is a step forward for skill development initiative through formal and non-formal system of education and training under NSQF and STAR/ Ajeevika schemes respectively. Consequently, job roles have been identified and National Occupational Standards have been developed by ASCI in prominent agriculture areas where there is demand for skilled human resource and/ or job opportunities for self and wage employment.

It is encouraging to note that many states are coming forward to offer agriculture based vocational courses in secondary and senior secondary classes under NSQF as per job roles identified by ASCI. There is a need to develop curricula for these job roles. In school system under NSQF this curriculum has been developed for L1 to L4 to develop competencies and skills required for performing job role of Paddy Farmer.

2. Objectives of the Course

Upon completion of this course, you will be able to:

- 1. Describe the importance of agriculture in our lives and Indian economy.
- 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of processes and preparations involved in the basic agricultural practices for production of different crops in different seasons.
- 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of basic animal husbandry practices for production of milk, fishes and shrimp, poultry birds, honey, etc.
- 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of field operations in production and marketing of paddy.
- 5. Communicate effectively at workplace.
- 6. Demonstrate the knowledge of safe handling of equipment and chemicals.
- 7. Demonstrate the knowledge of occupational health and safety measures.
- 8. To understand the improved and new paddy cultivation techniques of paddy.
- 9. To identify various weeds, diseases and insects of paddy fields and to understand the control measures of weeds/ pest and diseases.
- 10. To understand the water management of paddy fields and intercultural operations in paddy.
- 11. To understand about the harvesting, rice straw management, storage and marketing of paddy.

3. Course Structure

NSQF Level-1 (Class 9)

SI.	Unit Code	Unit Title	No. of Notional
No.			Learning Hours
1.	AG101-NQ2014	Introduction to Agriculture	20
2.	AG102-NQ2014	Introduction to Soil Management	20
3.	AG103-NQ2014	Introduction to Field Preparation and Planting	20
4.	AG104-NQ2014	Communication at Workplace	20
5.	AG105-NQ2014	Introduction to Agricultural Crops	20
6.	AG106-NQ2014	Introduction to Animal Husbandry	20
7.	AG107-NQ2014	Introduction to Occupational Safety and	15
		Appropriate Technology	
8.	AG108-NQ2014	Marketing of Agriculture Produce	15
	Total		150

Successful completion of 150 hours of theory sessions and 50 hrs of practical activities and onthe-job learning is to be done for full qualification.

NSQF Level-2 (Class 10)

SI. No.	Unit Code	Unit Title	No. of Notional Learning Hours
1	AG201-NQ2014	Applied Agricultural Practices	25
2	AG202-NQ2014	Introduction to Quality of Seeds and Seed Treatment	25
3	AG203-NQ2014	Introduction to Integrated Pest Management	25
4	AG204-NQ2014	Introduction to Micro-irrigation Practices	25
5	AG205-NQ2014	Introduction to Animal Husbandry Practices - Handling, Housing and Feeding	25
6	AG206-NQ2014	Introduction to Animal Husbandry Practices - Disease Management	25
Tota	İ		150

Successful completion of 150 hours of theory sessions and 50 hrs of practical activities and onthe-job learning is to be done for full qualification.

NSQF Level-3 (Class 11)

SI.	Unit Code	Unit Title	No. of Notional
No.			Learning Hours
1	AG301-NQ2014	Introduction to Paddy Cultivation	20
2	AG302-NQ2014	Rice Varieties in India	15
3	AG303-NQ2014	Nursery Preparation	25
4	AG304-NQ2014	Seedling Management and Transplantation/	25
		Crop Establishment	
5	AG305-NQ2014	Water Management	10
6	AG306-NQ2014	Integrated Nutrient Management	20
7	AG307-NQ2014	Integrated Pest Management and Disease	25
		Management	
8	AG308-NQ2014	Weed Management	10
Tota	I		150

Successful completion of 150 hours of theory sessions and 50 hrs of practical activities and onthe-job learning is to be done for full qualification.

NSQF Level-4 (Class 12)

SI.	Unit Code	Unit Title	No. of Notional
No.			Learning Hours
1	AG401-NQ2014	Straw Management	10
2	AG402-NQ2014	Intercultural Operations in Paddy	20
3	AG403-NQ2014	Harvesting and Storage	20
4	AG404-NQ2014	Health and Safety at Workplace	20
5	AG405-NQ2014	Handling Emergency Situations	20
6	AG406-NQ2014	Rights and Responsibilities of Paddy Workers	20
7	AG407-NQ2014	Paddy Marketing	20
8	AG408-NQ2014	Communication skills at workplace	20
Tota	I		150

Successful completion of 150 hours of theory sessions and 50 hrs of practical activities and onthe-job learning is to be done for full qualification.

4. Classroom Activities

Classroom activities are an integral part of this programme and interactive lecture sessions, followed by discussions should be conducted by teachers. A variety of instructional strategies should be used by teachers to ensure learning of students. Teachers should make lesson plan topic wise along with different strategies to be used in the class room /laboratory/workshop. The class room activities may include use of multi-media packages, preparation of charts and posters and organising group discussion sessions targeted to problem solving, innovative ideas in handling the job role, developing communication and entrepreneurial skills etc. To understand importance of Agriculture as profession, the class based activities may include:

- i. Preparation of charts, collages, posters depicting economic importance of different crops viz. food grain, oil seed, cash crops, pulses, etc.
- ii. Charts for different seasons and parts of India with respect to crops prominently grown there
- iii. Group discussions on agriculture related topics and to focus on GDP, export of agriculture produce and understanding of patents and value added agri-products
- iv. Video films on agriculture practices undertaken in India and abroad with special focus on Storage of breeder seed and food grains in ware houses with understanding of pests and disease control

5. Practical Activities

Activities that provide practical experience in clinical set up would include hands on training on mannequins, simulated clinical set up, case based problems, role play, games, etc. on various clinical incidents and practical exercises in skill lab. Equipment and supplies should be provided to enhance hands-on experiences for students. Trained personnel should teach specialized techniques. A training plan signed by teacher that reflects equipment, skills and tasks should be prepared for training of the students in the organization/industry. The course may involve following practical activities:

- 1. Acquaintance with seeding equipments.
- 2. Acquaintance with application of NPK and organic and green manure in nursery bed and in paddy field.

- 3. Collection and identification of different types of soils, pests / disease and their damaged materials and different varieties of paddy.
- 4. Demonstration by video, charts, posters of farm activities such as nursery bed preparation, field preparation, seed sowing, manuring, irrigation techniques, harrowing, de-weeding, nutrient management, etc.
- 5. Different methods of sowing (transplanting manually, hand operated transplanter and SRI planting methods).
- 6. Demonstration of paddy harvester, cono-combiner, thresher and safe methods of handling the pesticides/ agrochemicals.
- 7. Demonstration of Safely use of different harvesting and threshing reapers and implements.
- 8. Familarisation with farm inputs viz. seeds, fertilizers, manures, pesticides, farm implements, equipment, tools, etc.
- 9. Preparation of Herbarium of paddy weeds, paddy parts, organic and inorganic fertilizers, pests and diseased plants.
- 10. Identication of critical stage of paddy for water management scheduling.
- 11. Identification of beneficial predator /parasites, major pests and disease of rice and their symptoms.
- 12. Integrated nutrient management, Pest Management and Disease Management in rice.
- 13. Different methods for seed storage and seed moisture maintenance in storage.
- 14. Pest surveillance through light traps, pheromone traps and field incidence and methods to control pest and diseases.
- 15. *Practice on Biasi* operations, ploughing in standing fields and water conservation methods under emergency situation.
- 16. Study of intercultural operation equipments in paddy.
- 17. Study of seed characters and suitable varieties of rice for different eco system.
- 18. Survey for understanding marketing chains of agri-produce, demand and supply system.
- 19. Preparation of different product through paddy straw and its uses.
- 20. Visit of state warehouse godowns, Krishi Upaj Mandi and commodity market.

6. On-the-Job Training

On-the-job training (OJT) occurs whenever more experienced employee or supervisor teaches less experienced person on how to do one or more tasks of a job. The training utilizes actual equipment and materials. OJT should be undertaken in a structured manner with a training plan under the supervision of an experienced trainer or supervisor. A training plan that reflects tasks to be performed and competencies to be imparted should be prepared and signed by the student, teacher, and supervisor at the workplace for training of the students in the organization/industry. The job role i.e. understanding basics of agriculture, crop production practices and management related tasks to be undertaken at the work place during OJT may include:

- 1. Nursery/seed bed preparation and the layout of field.
- 2. Collection methods and analysis of soil samples for pH, EC and NPK.
- 3. Sowing methods and germination test.
- 4. Preparation of vermi-compost, green manure.
- 5. Handling implements used in seed sowing, inter-culture operations, irrigation, weed control and pest management, manuring and application of fertilizers.

- 6. Imparting preliminary knowledge of handling and maintenance of pesticide application equipments, the interested students may develop efficiency in repair and maintenance of pesticides application equipments.
- 7. Maintenance of breeding for A, B and R lines in hybrid rice.
- 8. Acquaintance with paddy varieties resistant to biotic and abiotic stress.
- 9. Training on cultural, mechanical, biological and chemical management of pests and diseases in paddy field.
- 10. Acquaintance with various nutrient management problems of the standing paddy field.
- 11. The student will also conduct a survey on adoption of recommended nutrient management measures.
- 12. Training on preparation of biofertilizer (Azolla etc) and organic Mannering.
- 13. Acquaintance with various plant protection problems of the paddy farming.
- 14. Information on nematode problems, bird and rodent damage if any, shall also be mentioned in paddy field in the plant protection recorded separately.
- 15. The students will also demonstrate preparation of pesticide solution for spraying to control pest in paddy.
- 16. Identification of different weed in paddy field.
- 17. Recording observations on various weed management problems of the standing paddy field on weekly/monthly basis.
- 18. Students shall maintain record of weed management work undertaken in the prescribed performa given to them by the Department of Agronomy for this purpose.
- 19. The student will also conduct a survey on adoption of recommended weed management measures and the incidence/occurrence of different weeds on different paddy fields.
- 20. The students will also demonstrate preparation of herbicides spray fluids for important plant protection measures.
- 21. Training on Rice straw management.
- 22. Training on Post harvest technology of rice.
- 23. Training for safe storage of paddy bags.
- 24. Training for quality seed maintenance.
- 25. Training on operation of seed processing plants.
- 26. Training and management skill for marketing paddy produce.

The trainer should break down all the steps of the job and train the students as per the training plan. In a structured OJT, the following steps should be followed:

Step 1: The Instructor or the trainer tell, show, demonstrate, and explain. The trainer gives an overview of the task while explaining the constructional details and use of the tools, equipment, materials, etc. in performing the tasks.

Step 2: The Instructor or the trainer demonstrates each step in detail, actually doing the steps of the task and explaining each step, one at a time, while the trainee watches. The steps may not necessarily be demonstrated in the sequence of actual operation, as sometimes it is better that simple tasks are demonstrated first to build confidence. Showing finished products at each appropriate step will help the leaner understand what is required as outcome. While demonstrating, the trainer explains why each step is done in the way it is done.

Step 3: It involves direct trainee participation. The trainer monitors the progress on a checklist of competencies and offers feedback and pointers where and when needed.

Step 4: The trainee practices with clearly defined targets for performance standards.

7. Certification

Upon successful completion of this course the State Education Board and the Agriculture Sector Skill Council (ASCI) will provide a certificate to the student verifying the competencies acquired by the candidate. For more details about ASCI visit the website at http://www.asci-india.com.

8. Units

NSQF Level-1 (Class 9)

Unit Code: AG101-NQ2014				
Unit 1 Title: Introduction to Agriculture (Duration: 20 hours) Location: Classroom and Agricultural Field				
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method	
Describe the importance of agriculture in Indian economy	1. Describe the importance of agriculture(e.g. subsistence farming, organic farming, large scale farming and commercial farming) as a source of livelihood and increasing agricultural production 2. Describe the share of agriculture in national income 3. Describe the contribution of agriculture in employment 4. Explain how agricultural products serve as a source for Industrial development (products may include but not limited to cotton, wool, sugar, jute, rice, wheat, etc.)	1. List the various agricultural products that promote Industry and contributes to the growth of Indian economy 2. Identify the factors Influencing agriculture (factors may include but not limited to weather, agriculture inputs, diseases, pests, etc.)	Interactive lecture: Role of Agriculture in Indian Economy Activity: Discussion sessions on the agricultural revolutions (green, yellow, white, blue, gray, golden, etc.) and how these revolutions affected the livelihood and employment opportunities. Discussion sessions on contributions of Agriculture in Indian economy. Ask students to prepare posters of various agricultural products which are used for industrial productions and their contribution to the industrial growth.	
Map the States according to their contributions in production of major crops of India (Wheat, Rice, Soyabean, Gram, Sugarcane and Cotton)	 Describe the chief characteristics of major crops Enlist States with major contribution to the cultivation of the following crops: Wheat: Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh Rice: West Bengal, Chhattisgarh, Tamil Nadu Soybean: Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan Gram: Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh Sugarcane: Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu Cotton: Gujarat, Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra 	 Identify the different crops by seed/plant samples Map the crops with the States making major contribution in their cultivation. 	Interactive lecture: Major Food, Oilseed and Cash crops and contribution of States in Large Scale Production Activity: Field visits for identification of major food grain crops, oilseed crops and cash crops Spot identification Discuss the agriculture map of the States. (available on http://www.mapsofindia.com)	

Unit Code: AG102-NQ2014					
	Unit 2 Title: Introduction to Soil Management (Duration: 20 hours)				
Location : Classroom, Soil Testing Laboratory and Agricultural Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of the components of soil and factors affecting soil fertility	1. Describe the importance of soil and nutrients as primary, secondary and micro - e.g. soil as a medium of plant growth 2. Describe the factors affecting soil formation and fertility 3. Describe the composition of soil 4. Describe the physical properties of soil (texture, structure, density, porosity, colour, consistency, etc.) 5. Describe the chemical properties of soil (pH, salinity, cation exchange capacity, C:N ratio) 6. Differentiate between different types of soil (soils may include but not limited to alluvium, black, red, laterite, desert, mountain, saline, alkaline, peaty, marshy, etc.) 7. Describe the method for collection of soil sample for soil testing	 Identify different type of alluvium soils viz., loam, clay loam, and sandy Enlist various nutrients Demonstrate the knowledge of soil properties and their role in growth of plants Demonstrate the knowledge of soil textural classes - sand, silt, clay & loam 	Interactive lecture: Properties of Soil and factors affecting Soil Fertility Activity: Study of equipment used for soil sampling and testing Collection of soil samples for soil testing Determination of soil texture by feel method Demonstration of determination of soil pH Discussion on soil test report and fertilizer recommendations Identification of different types of soils		
Identify the fertilizers used in agriculture crop production	1. Describe the chief characteristics of the following fertilizers • Nitrogen fertilizers • Phosphatic fertilizers • Potassic fertilizers • Complete fertilizers • Slow release or time release fertilizers • Mixed complex • Bio-fertilizers • Manure 2. Describe advantages and limitations of chemical fertilizers 3. Describe advantages and limitations of biofertilizers 4. Describe the general deficiency symptoms of N, K, P, Mn, Zn, etc.	1. Identify the different types of chemical and biological fertilizers, including but not limited to the following: • Nitrogen fertilizers • Phosphatic fertilizers • Potassic fertilizers • Mixed complex • Rhizobium fertilizers • Arbuscular mycorrhiza • Azolla • Anabaena • Blue-green algae 2. List the mobile and volatile forms of nitrogen ions.	Interactive lecture: Chemical and Bio-fertilizers Activity: Identification of various types of chemical and biological fertilizers in laboratory and field Read the label on the packets of fertilizers and discuss the various aspects, such as ratio of N:P:K, purity and utility for the different crops, etc.		
Demonstrate the knowledge of different	Describe the different methods of fertilizer application (broadcasting,	Identify the different methods of fertilizer application through	Interactive lecture: Methods of Fertilizer Application		

methods of fertilizer application	basal application, row/band placement, foliar application, side dressing, fertigation) 2. Describe advantages and limitations of various methods of fertilizer application	diagram, charts, and field demonstration.	Activity: • Field visit to study the nutritional disorders and symptoms in various crops due to N,P,Zn deficiency • Demonstration of various methods of application of chemical and biofertilizers in nursery and field
Demonstrate the knowledge of various methods of irrigation	1. Describe the different sources of irrigation (well, tube-well, canal, tank, etc.) 2. Describe different methods of irrigation (surface, sub-surface, flood, sprinklers, microsprinklers, drip or trickle) 3. Describe the factors that affect the choice of irrigation method (quantity or volume, frequency, cost, etc.) 4. Classify soil water - hygroscopic, capillary and gravitational water 5. Describe the use of watering cans, pitcher cans, perforated plastic sleeves and other indigenous methods of irrigation	 Identification of methods of irrigation through charts, diagrams, models, and field demonstration Demonstrate the knowledge of choosing the appropriate irrigation method for a crop 	Interactive lecture: Methods of Irrigation Activity: Discussion on charts, models and diagrams of methods of irrigation and selection of irrigation method for different crops Field visit to study the various methods of irrigation, especially the micro-irrigation techniques and techniques for conserving water

Unit Code: AG103-NQ2014					
Unit 3 Title : Introduction to Field Preparation and Planting (Duration: 20hours)					
	oom, Agro-meteorology Laboratory	<u> </u>			
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training Method		
Outcome		Evaluation			
Demonstrate the knowledge of the role and importance of weather instruments and forecasting in agriculture	1. Describe the various weather parameters that affect the growth and development of agricultural crops - temperature, moisture, rainfall, wind, etc. 2. Describe the use of various instruments and equipment used for weather forecasting - thermometer, soil thermometer, wind vane, anemometer, rain guage, sling psychrometer, barometer, etc.	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of applications of various weather forecasting instruments and equipment	Interactive lecture: Agro-meteorology Activity: Visit to a agro-meteorology observatory to study weather instruments and forecasting methods. Measurement of maximum and minimum air temperature Measurement of soil temperature Measurement of wind speed and direction		
			Measurement of rainfall		
Demonstrate	1. Describe the factors that	1. Identify the	Interactive lecture:		
the knowledge	need to be considered while	implements/e	Field Preparation		
of field and	selecting method for	quipment used			

seedbed preparation	field/seed bed preparation 2. Describe the factors affecting seed germination and emergence 3. Differentiate between conventional method of cultivation, minimum tillage and direct drilling. 4. Describe the procedure adopted for field preparation (ploughing, puddling, leveling, harrowing) 5. Differentiate between shallow and deep ploughing hescribe summer ploughing 7. Describe the purpose of puddling, leveling, and	for field preparation 2. Demonstrate the use of some basic implements and equipment used in field preparation 3. Demonstrate basic practices for field preparation.	Activity: • Identification of implements/equipment (may include but not limited to spade, indigenous plough, mould board plough, chisel plough, disc harrow, blade harrow, ridger, cultivators, levelers)
Demonstrate the knowledge of sowing/planting methods	harrowing 1. Describe the types of sowing (hand sowing or open field) 2. Describe the various methods of sowing (broadcasting, drilling, dibbling, etc.) 3. Describe the procedure for pre-treatment of seeds before sowing (e.g. seed soaking, seed scarification)	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of the following: a. Hand sowing (flat sowing, ridge sowing and wide bed sowing) b. Open field planting 2. Demonstrate seed soaking 3. Demonstrate sowing of seeds in nursery beds/pots	Interactive lecture: Sowing and Planting Methods Activity: Visit to the field to perform pre-seed treatment and practice various methods of sowing and planting Sow seeds in pots/nursery beds

Unit Code : AG104-NQ2012 Unit 4 Title : Communication at Workplace (Duration: 20 hours) Location : Classroom and Field						
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method			
Understands meaning, concept and importance of communication skills at workplace Know different types of skills required at workplace	What is communication and its importance at workplace? What are the different types of communication skills including value based communication and entrepreneurial skills i.e. listening to all	Explain communication What do you understand about communication and its importance at workplace Write different types of communication skills Enlist four linguistic skills required for communication with example of each one	1. Organising video and interactive sessions on communication and technological skills required at workplace 2. Showing video shots specially taken for communication at agriculture field during various field operations e.g. nursery bed			
3. Understand and respond written	members of the team, empathy,	related to the job role 5. Effective communication	preparation, transplantation and seed			

1	communication Acquired all four		patience, clarity in instructions,	at workplace i.e. agriculture field, dairy		sowing, spraying of chemicals, application of
٦.	•					
	linguistic skills		positivity, use of	farm, shrimp hatchery,		fertilizers and manure,
	i.e. writing,		respectful language	etc.		harrowing etc. where
	speaking,		(oral skills) and ability			instructions to field staff
	listening and		to resolve conflicts			are involved.
	reading skills in		amongst team		3.	Practice sessions on
	relation to the		members at			writing, listening, reading
	job role		workplace			and speaking skills for
5.	Effectively	3.	What technological			correct pronunciation of
	communicate at		skills are required at			different implements,
	workplace with		workplace and how to			equipment, chemicals,
	supervisors and		develop these in			crops, seeds and variety
	field staff		trainees?			names in Hindi, English or
	including	1	What methods are			common local specific
	unskilled labour	4.				names
			used to develop			
١,	force		effective		4.	This practice is required for
6.	Handle job		communication skills			clear instructions to us and
	related		in trainees required			semi-skilled workers at the
	technological		at workplace?			field during farm
	skills in relation					operations
	to					
	communication					

Unit Code: AG105-NQ2014 Unit 5 Title: Introduction to Agricultural Crops (Duration: 20 hours) Location: Classroom, Plant Breeding Research Centre, Tissue Culture Laboratory Agricultural Farm, Polyhouse Learning Outcome **Knowledge Evaluation** Performance Teaching and Training Method **Evaluation** 1. Enlist the food Name the 1. Describe the sowing and Interactive lecture: harvesting season for important food crops, oil seed Classification of Crops according crops, and cash crops, oil seed the following: to Season crops and cash • Kharif (e.g. Sowing crops according crops grown in May to July and to the season in Activity: Kharif, Rabi and which they are • Identification of seeds of field Harvesting -Zaid season September to October) grown Rabi Identification of field crops in agriculture farm/field Zaid 2. Classify major agricultural crops according to the season 1. Identification of Describe the 1. Describe the chief Interactive lecture: different fibre different fibers characteristics of fibre Fibre Crops crops used for crops grown in India and and fibre crops Activity: cultivation in India viz. cotton, jute, their uses (cotton, jute, • Draw charts showing fibre sun-hemp, linseed, sun-hemp, crops and their uses patsan) linseed, etc. • Visit to agricultural farm to study the characteristics of fibre crops Describe the 1. Describe the Identify different Interactive lecture: different fodder characteristics of fodder crops-Fodder Crops chari (sorghum), crops (season wise) fodder crops- chari Activity: (sorghum), berseem • Draw charts showing fodder berseem, lobia, (clove), oat, clusterlucern, etc. crops and their uses bean, Iobia, Iucerne, Spot identification of sudangrass different fodder crops

Demonstrate the knowledge of methods used for	Describe the factors which affect crop yields and seed quality	Enlist common varieties of major crops which have	Interactive lecture: Crop Improvement
crop improvement	2. Describe the various methods used for crop improvement (methods may include, but not limited to tissue culture, hybrids, transgenic varieties)	been developed using hybridization 2. Describe at least 3 varieties of major crops	Activity: Visit to Plant Breeding Research Centre/Tissue culture laboratory to study the various methods used for crop improvement Prepare charts of pictures displaying various methods of crop improvement

Unit Code: AG106-NQ2014 Unit 6 Title: Introduction to Animal Husbandry (Duration: 20hours)					
	Location:Classroom, Dairy Farm/ Sheep Farm/Goat Farm/Piggery Farm/ Poultry Farm/Fish Farm				
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method		
Describe the importance of livestock	1. Describe how livestock contribute to the livelihood of people in India 2. Describe the contribution of livestock to the share of agriculture in national income 3. Describe the various terms used in animal husbandry 4. Explain how livestock products serve as a source of industrial development (e.g. milk, ghee, khoya, butter, etc.)	1. Enlist animals included in livestock 2. Identify various species of livestock 3. Relate utility of animal husbandry to national economy of India 4. Enumerate uses of livestock	Interactive lecture: Livestock Production Activity: Discussion on the contributions of livestock in growth and development of Indian economy.		
Identify breeds of livestock like Cow, Buffalo, Sheep, Goat, Pig	1. Enlist breeds of livestock 2. Describe the body parts of cattle, sheep, camel, yak, pig, goat, poultry, etc.	1. Identify body parts of cattle, sheep, goat, hen, camel, yak, pig, etc. 2. Identify breeds of different animals 3. Differentiate breeds of animals according to their utility	Interactive lecture: Breeds of Livestock Activity: Study of body parts of cattle, sheep, goat, camel, yak, pig, hen, etc. Visit to a livestock centre to study the breeds of livestock maintained by the centre. Also study the routine farm operations carried out by the centre.		
Describe the various types of housing for livestock	 Enlist type of houses for various animals Describe different type of animal houses Classify different types of poultry houses Describe the 	Demonstrate the knowledge of loose housing system, cattle shed, shed for calves, etc.	Interactive lecture: Housing of Animals Activity Visit to Dairy farm and poultry farm to identify various types of houses		

Describe feed and its classification	advantages of tail to tail system and face to face system of arrangement for cattles 5. Describe the importance of sanitation in cattle farm/poultry farm, etc. 1. Classify animal feed 2. Enlist animal feeds- hay, straw, silage, pelleted feeds, oils and mixed rations, sprouted grains, legumes, feed	Identify different types of animal feeds	Interactive lecture: Animal Feed Activity Visit to Agricultural Farm to identify various types of fodder crops
Differentiate between healthy and unhealthy animals	supplements, etc. 1. Enlist symptoms of healthy and unhealthy animals 2. Describe common diseases of cattle	Identify healthy and unhealthy animals Identify common diseases of cattle	Identify different types of animal feeds Interactive lecture: Healthy Animals Activity Visit to Veterinary Hospital/ Veterinary Dispensary to observe symptoms of unhealthy animals
Describe milk and milk products	1. Define milk 2. Describe the sources of milk 3. Describe the components of milk-water, fat, lactose, casein, proteins, minerals, etc. 4. Describe the physical properties of milk-colour, flavor, density, specific gravity, foaming, viscosity, specific heat, etc 5. Describe the chemical properties of milk-pH, electrical conductivity, etc 6. Classify milk products	1. Differentiate between variety of milk 2. Differentiate between butter and cream 3. Identify various milk products 4. Prepare common milk products	Interactive lecture: Milk and Milk Products Activity: Visit to Dairy Processing Unit to understand hygiene & procedural aspects of preparation of milk products
Describe the importance and scope of fish culture	Describe the importance of fish culture Describe the various types of fish culture-pond, etc.	Demonstrate the knowledge of fish culture	Interactive lecture: Fish Culture Activity: Visit fish pond and discuss the various aspects of fish culture

Unit Code: AG107-NQ2014

Unit 7 Title: Introduction to Occupational Safety and Appropriate Technology (Duration: 15 hours)
Location: Classroom and Agricultural Farm

Location : Classroom and Agricultural Farm				
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method	
Describe various common hazards and risks to the farmers	State various causes of hazards in agriculture while using toxic agro-chemicals, tools, equipment and machinery	Identify and enlist hazards associated with agrochemicals, tools and machinery	Interactive lecture: Hazards in Agriculture Activity: • Videos or case studies with regard to common hazards and risks at agriculture farm	
Locate hazards and identify health related problems in an agriculture farm	1. Describe the possible health related problems at agriculture farm 2. Enlist the hazardous substances at agriculture farm	 Enlist health related problems that may occur at an agricultural farm (eg. summer stroke, cold and cough in winters/allergic problems, asthmatic conditions) Demonstrate the knowledge of dealing with health related problems Identify the Personal protective equipments (clothing, gloves, leg protection, etc) used in agriculture farms Demonstrate the knowledge of safety system in agriculture farms Assess the risk Determine the likelihood of an incident 	Interactive lecture: Health Hazards in Agriculture Activity: • Videos or case studies with regard to health hazards at agriculture farm	

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Demonstrate the	1. Describe the safety	1. Identify to whom to	Interactive lecture:
knowledge for	measures should be	report in different	Safe work Practices in
applying safe	observed at the	emergency situations	Agriculture Farm
work practices in	agriculture farm	2. Demonstrate the	
agriculture farm	2. Describe how one	knowledge of	
	should be aware and	handling emergencies	Activity:
	handle emergency	if possible at odd	 Organizing talks, demo,
	situations	hours or non-	video sessions, etc.
	3. Describe the	availability of	·
	procedure for	concerned person	
	maintaining tools	e.g. fire, flood,	
	and equipment in	spread of infectious	
	good condition and	disease in the	
	using them	livestock farm, snake	
	according to the	bite, pesticide	
	manufacturers'	exposures, etc.	
	instructions	-	

Describe the	Describe some	1. Demonstrate the	Interactive lecture:
importance of	examples wherein	knowledge of impact	Appropriate Technology in
appropriate	technology has been	of various	Agriculture
technology in	applied for capital	technologies in	
agriculture	saving, promoting	agriculture (for	Activity:
	sustainable	example use of	Case studies
	agriculture, etc.	tractors in place of	
		bullock driven	
		ploughs, use of	
		tractors in place of	
		bullock driven carts	
		for transportation of	
		raw materials and	
		agricultural produce	

Unit Code: AG108-NQ2014					
	Unit 8 Title: Marketing of Agricultural Produce (Duration: 15 hours)				
Location: Classroom, Agricultural Farm and Market Places					
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training		
Outcome		Evaluation	Method		
Describe importance of	Describe importance of market of	List of benefits of markets for farmers	Interactive lecture Importance, strategies and		
Market for	Agricultural Produce	in selling their	role of different stake		
agricultural	e.g. wheat, paddy,	agricultural produce.	holders in marketing of		
Produce	pulses, etc. to facilitate farmers in		agricultural produce.		
	selling their		Activity:		
	agricultural produce.		Interaction with farmers by organizing special discussion session.		
Demonstrate	Describe various	List out strategies	Interactive lecture		
knowledge of	strategies and	and market chains	Agricultural marketing with		
various strategies	market change for	for selling	respect to role of		
and chains to	agricultural produce	agricultural produce.	cooperatives and other		
facilitate farmers	e. g. role of	2. Describe role of	market channels.		
in selling the	cooperatives, small	various agencies	Activity:		
agricultural	and commercial	involved in	 Videos of markets, 		
produce for batter	market places, local	agricultural	organizing interactive		
returns.	mandis, etc.	marketing.	sessions with farmers.		
			Visits to market places for		
			selling of agricultural produce.		
Demonstrate	Factors responsible	Enlist factors	Interactive lecture Market		
knowledge for	for market	responsible for	fluctuations and factors		
factors	fluctuations for	fluctuations in small	responsible for good		
responsible for	agricultural produce	and large scale	economic returns by		
market of	e.g. location, time	markets.	appropriate market strategies		
agricultural	span, number of		for selling agricultural		
produce	commodities, margin in different		produce.		
	crops.		Activity:		
			Developing table for		
			different crops, market		
			chains and returns.		

Describe the factors affecting demand and supply of agricultural produce.	 Explain concept of demand and supply and better economic returns. Describe different factors affecting demand and supply plan of food grains, pulses, oil seed crops, cash crops (sugarcane, cotton, etc.). 	1. List out factors affecting demand and supply of agricultural produce such as food grains, pulses, oil seed crops, cash crops (sugarcane, cotton, etc.).	Interactive lecture on principles of demand and supply of agricultural produce and concept of demand curve. Activity: Case studies in relation to different crops.
Estimation of cost, margins and price variations of different agricultural produce.	Describe the concept of margins and cost benefit ratio of different crops.	Estimate cost benefit ratio of different crops on the basis of production cost and net profit (margin).	Interactive lecture Cost benefit ratio and its use in calculating better economic returns. Activity: • Undertaking survey to study of cost, margin and price variations in different crops.

NSQF Level 2 (Class 10)

Unit Code : AG201-NQ2014 Unit 1 Title: Applied Agricultural Practices (Duration: 25 hours) Location : Classroom and Field					
Location : Classroo Learning Outcome Describe the importance of crop production as a part of agricultural practice in Indian economy	m and Field Knowledge Evaluation 1. Explain the importance of crop production as a source of livelihood and increasing agricultural production 2. Describe the present status of major crops in India 3. Describe the advantages of use of modern technology	Performance Evaluation 1. Identify the crop plants with their varieties 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of crop production in Indian economy 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of modern agricultural practices	Teaching and Training Method Interactive lectures Role of crop production as a part of agricultural practice in Indian economy Activity Case study Project work		
Classify field crops based on their utility viz., carbohydrate, proteins, oil, fiber and fodder	in agricultural practices in India 1. Describe the major crops viz. cereals, pulses, oil seeds fiber & fodder crops 2. Enlist the nutritional content of major crops	1. Tabulate the major crops grown in different regions of India 2. Identify major crops through seed, live sample, photographs	Interactive lecture on major field crops based on their utility Activity: Herbarium preparation Field demonstration		
Demonstrate the knowledge of different soil	 Explain pH, salinity, cation exchange capacity, organic 	Determination of pH Diagrammatic presentation of soil	Interactive lecture Soil properties		

chemical properties viz., pH, texture structure water holding capacity (WHC) types of soil water, soil micro-organisms	matter and C:N Ratio and its importance for agricultural soil Describe different soil beneficial micro -organisms	texture and structure 3. Identify soil microorganism 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of three main types of soil water (gravitational water, capillary water, and hygroscopic water)	Activity • Determination of pH • Field demonstration
Demonstrate the knowledge of water management in crop production	Describe critical stages for irrigation Describe importance of drainage	Demonstrate the knowledge of different methods of irrigation Prepare schedule of irrigation	Interactive lecture Water Management in crop production Activity • Field demonstration and video
Demonstrate the knowledge of weed management	 Describe importance of weed management in crop production. Describe different methods of weed management 	Identify important weeds of major crops Demonstrate the knowledge of different weed control methods	Interactive lecture Weed Management Activity: • Herbarium preparation • Spot identification
Describe function of different essential nutrients and recommendation of nutrients for major crops of the region	Describe the nutrients as primary, secondary and micro What are the recommendations of major crops viz., wheat, rice, gram, soybean, sugarcane, cotton and fodder crops?	Enlist different nutrients with their functions Prepare a list of recommended doses of nutrients for major crops	Interactive lectures Nutrient management Activity: • Field demonstration • Case study

Unit Code: AG202-NQ2014					
Unit 2 Title: Introd	Unit 2 Title: Introduction to Quality of Seeds and Seed Treatment (Duration: 25 hours)				
Location : Classroo	m and Field				
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training		
Outcome		Evaluation	Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of importance of quality seed and crop improvement	Explain difference between grain and seed Explain importance of quality seed in relation to good crop production	1. Select/segregate seeds on the basis of quality indicators. 2. Enlist the factors affecting seeds and low crop production 3. Enlist the factors responsible for good crop production by using quality seeds	Interactive lecture Importance of quality seeds in crop production and crop improvement. Activity: Segregation of quality seeds. Interactive sessions with farmers on using quality seeds.		

Demonstrate the knowledge of seed treatment	1. Describe the methods of seed treatment against pests and diseases 2. Explain the common seed treatment method adopted for different crops (Rice, sugarcane, tomato, Sunflower, etc) 3. Explain the precautions taken when handling treated seed	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of seed treatment 2. Differentiate between healthy and diseased/ undiseased seeds 1. Demonstrate the knowledge of seed treatment treatm	Interactive lecture Seed treatment Activity: • Field demonstration • Video on seed treatment
Describe effective seed storage practices to maintain quality of seed	Explain seed storage Describe the general principles of seed storage Differentiate between desirable and undesirable seed storage practices	Demonstrate the knowledge of good seed storage practices Enlist the types of storage requirements	Interactive lecture Storage practices for maintaining quality of seeds Activity • Preparation of Herbarium of desirable and undesirable seeds • Preparation of charts showing warehouses for seeds storage. • Video session on storage of seeds/grain.

Unit Code: AG203-NQ2014				
Unit 3 Title: Introduction to Integrated Pest Management (IPM) (Duration: 25 hours)				
Location : Classroo				
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training	
Outcome		Evaluation	Method	
Demonstrate the	1. Describe the	1. Demonstrate the	Interactive lecture	
knowledge of	principles of IPM	knowledge of IPM	Integrated Pest Management	
Integrated Pest	2. Describe the methods	2. Enlist important		
Management (IPM)	of pest management	pests of cotton,	Activity:	
	Explain the role of	paddy, pulses,	Preparation of project report	
	IPM in modern	sugarcane, and	of important pests of major	
	agriculture.	vegetables and	crops of your area	
	4. Explain IPM in	mention their		
	different crop	control measures		
	ecosystems			
Demonstrate the	1. Explain cultural	1. Enlist various	Interactive lecture	
importance of	practices in IPM	cultural practices	Importance of cultural	
cultural practices	2. Explain principles of	adopted by the	practices in IPM	
in IPM	various cultural	farmers of your area		
	practices help in		Activity	
	reducing pest		Field visit	
	incidence			
Demonstrate the	Describe various	1. Preparation of chart	Interactive lecture Utility of	
utility of	mechanical methods	depicting	mechanical methods in IPM	
mechanical	helpful to combat	mechanical methods	Activity:	
methods in IPM	pests of major crops	useful to check the	 On the spot identification 	

Describe the	Explain mechanical methods work against the pest activity Explain biological	major pests of important crops 1. Enlist and identify	of various mechanical tools used against pests Interactive lecture
importance and role of biological control of pests	control of pests 2. State the agents of biological control	important biological agents of major pests, their use and conservation	Biological control and importance of biological control agents. Activity: On the spot identification of natural enemies in the field
Demonstrate the knowledge of use of chemicals in IPM, their benefits and harmful effects	 Explain different types of pesticides and their common trade names Application of solid formulations of 	Enlist important and popular pesticides being used in your area on major crops Enlist the precautions while	Interactive lecture Use of pesticides Activity: • Visit to local pesticide dealer to know packing
	pesticides 3. Explain the use of fumigants in store and at home 4. Describe the procedure of recognition of pesticides as per their formulations and application	using pesticides 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of how liquid pesticides are dissolved in water and used on crops	 and formulations of pesticides Live demonstration of preparation of pesticide solutions
Demonstrate the knowledge of pesticide application equipments	 Describe types of sprayers and dusters and their use Explain the procedure of handling and maintenance of sprayers 	Demonstrate the knowledge of operation and minor maintenance of commonly used sprayers	Interactive lecture Pesticide application equipments Activity: • Handling and live demonstration of commonly used sprayers

Unit Code : AG204-NQ2014					
Unit 4 Title: Introd	Unit 4 Title: Introduction to Micro-irrigation (Duration: 25 hours)				
Location : Classroo	m and Field				
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training		
Outcome	_	Evaluation	Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Micro-irrigation	Describe the importance of micro-irrigation in water saving Describe the basic design and working principle of micro-irrigation State the advantages and disadvantages of micro-irrigation	Demonstrate the working of commercial drip irrigation System and self made drip irrigation system	Interactive lecture Micro-irrigation Activity: • Field visit		

Describe précised water saving technology (sprinkler and drip irrigation)	Describe the working principle of sprinkler and drip irrigation technology Describe the benefits in labour saving using sprinkler and drip	Demonstrate the knowledge of water saving in sprinkler irrigation Demonstrate the knowledge of labour saving sprinkler	Interactive lecture Importance of sprinkler and drip irrigation Activity • Field visit for
	irrigation 3. Differentiate between sprinkler irrigation and drip irrigation 4. Explain the advantages of sprinkler irrigation	irrigation 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of using sprinkler irrigation in undulating area	demonstration
Awareness about occupational health and safety measures at agriculture field in relation to micro irrigation	Describe health and safety measure in relation to micro irrigation at agriculture field State the precautions to be adopted during the operation of micro irrigation tools and equipment	Enlist safety practices at agriculture field Enlist precautions while using tools and equipment of micro irrigation system	Interactive lecture Occupational health and safety measures at agriculture field in relation to micro irrigation Activity • Demonstration of safety precautions

	Unit Code: AG205-NQ2014				
Unit 5 Title: : Intr	oduction to Animal Husband	Iry Practices - Handling, H	ousing and Feeding		
(Duration: 25 hou	rs)				
Location : Classro	om/Dairy farm/Poultry farm	/Agricultural farm/Veterin	ary Hospital/Dispensary		
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training		
Outcome	_	Evaluation	Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of housing system of animals	Describe the criteria for selection of site to establish animal house Describe ideal animal house Compare various types of animal houses Explain suitability of animal house Describe poultry house State advantages and disadvantages of animal houses State advantages and disadvantages of animal houses State advantages and disadvantages of different types of animal houses	1. Identify and enlist types of animal houses 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of selection of site for animal and poultry houses 3. Enlist norms for an ideal animal house 4. Enlist types of poultry houses	Interactive lecture Housing system of animals Activity Dairy farm visit to observe various types of houses Poultry farm visit to observe types of poultry houses Draw plan for various types of animal houses Design poultry house		
	different types of poultry houses				

Describe feed and water management for livestock Describe characteristic features of animals	Describe various types of feeds Classify animal feed Define balanced diet Define various technical terms related to animal feeding Explain methods of identification of different species of animals Compare the suitability of method of identification	 Identify and select feed for animals Differentiate between legume and non-legumes Demonstrate the knowledge of assessing the quality of drinking water of animals Demonstrate the knowledge of appropriate methods of identification for different species of animals Identify animals 	Interactive lecture Feed and water management for livestock Activity • Agricultural farm visit to identify various types of fodder • Prepare balance diet Interactive lecture Characteristic features of animals Activity • Farm visit to observe various methods of
Explain restraining in animals.	according to the species of animal 1. Describe the methods of restraining	1. Identify restraining methods 2. Enlist restraining methods according to their use 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of appropriate methods of restraining for different species of animals	identification Interactive lecture Restraining in animals Activity Demonstration of restraining of animals Hands on training to restrain animals
Demonstrate the knowledge of casting animals	Describe the methods of casting animals	Identify casting method used for livestock Demonstrate the knowledge of appropriate methods of casting for different species of animals	Interactive lecture Casting Animals Activity • Demonstration of casting of animals • Hands on training to cast animals
Describe grooming of animals	Describe methods of grooming	 Identify the methods of grooming animals Demonstrate the knowledge of appropriate methods of grooming for different species of animals 	Interactive lecture Grooming of animals Activity • Demonstration of grooming of animals • Hands on training to groom animals
Describe the importance of castration of bulls	Describe the method of castration State advantages of castration	Enlist the method of castration Identify animals to be castrated Demonstrate the knowledge of appropriate time for castration	Interactive lecture Castration of bulls Activity • Visit/video session on demonstration of castration

Unit Code : AG206-	-NQ2014				
Unit 6 Title: Introd	uction to Animal Husband	ry Practices - Disease Mar	nagement		
	(Duration: 25 hours)				
Location : Classroo	m/ Dairy farm/ Veterinary				
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method		
Identify different types of animal diseases	Enlist various animal diseases Describe the symptoms of common animal diseases	Identify diseases in animals	Interactive lecture Different types of animal diseases Activity: Visit to dairy farm to identify various diseases		
Describe the preventive measures to be taken against infectious and non-infectious diseases	1. Describe the preventive measures take against infectious and non-infectious diseases in animals 2. Differentiate between infectious, non-infectious and contagious diseases 3. Differentiate between animal suffering from infectious and non-infectious diseases	Enlist various preventive measures to be taken against animal diseases	Interactive lecture Preventive measures against infectious and non-infectious diseases Activity • Visit to dairy farm to identify various diseases preventive measures to be taken against infectious and non-infectious diseases		
Describe the utility of first aid and disinfectants	Describe first aid used in animal husbandry Explain the importance of first aid and disinfectants	Identify first aid and disinfectants used in animal husbandry Demonstrate the knowledge of utility of first aid and disinfectants	Interactive lecture First aid and disinfectants in animal husbandry Activity Visit to dairy farm to identify various diseases Visit to Veterinary Hospital to demonstrate the techniques to give medicine		
Demonstrate the knowledge of techniques to give medicines to animals	 Describe various techniques to give medicines State the precautions to be adopted using different techniques to give medicines to animals 	Identify various techniques to give medicine to animals Demonstrate the knowledge of various techniques to give medicines to animals	Interactive lecture Medication Techniques Activity Visit to Veterinary Hospital to demonstrate the techniques to give medicine		
Describe management of hygiene on dairy farm	Describe good dairy farm practices	Demonstrate the knowledge of management of hygiene on a dairy farm	Interactive lecture Management of hygiene on dairy farm Activity • Field Visit		

NSQF Level 3 (Class 11)

	NO 004 4		
Unit Code : AG301		tion (Duration: 20 hours)	
Location : Classroo		tion (baration: 20 floars)	
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method
Demonstrate the knowledge of types of rice cultivation and its growing regions and seasons	 Describe the importance of rice to Indian Economy Describe different rice cultivation conditions State the rice growing regions of India 	 Identify the nutritional value of rice Enlist different type of rice cultivation Enlist major rice growing states of India Enlist rice growing seasons of India 	Interactive lectures Types of rice cultivation and its growing regions and seasons Activity • Field demonstrations
Demonstrate the knowledge of Ploughing harrowing and leveling for crop establishment	 Describe the method of ploughing Describe harrowing Explain leveling 	 Identify and enlist different types of ploughing Demonstrate the knowledge of different types of harrowing and its method Enliost the advantages of leveling 	Interactive lectures Land Preparation Activity • Field demonstration
Demonstrate the knowledge cultivation methods of sowing/ transplanting/ SRI method, hybrid rice, aromatic rice, aerobic rice and boro rice cultivation	 Describe direct seeded rice Explain the improved Biasi method of rice cultivation Describe the method of line sowing of paddy Explain rice transplanting Describe the System of Rice Intensification (SRI)method, hybrid rice, aromatic rice, aerobic rice and boro cultivation 	 Explain the method of sowing through direct seeding. Demonstrate the knowledge of improved Biasi cultivation Calculate seed rate for line sowing Explain different methods of transplanting Difference amongst SRI, hybrid rice, aromatic rice, aerobic rice and boro rice cultivation in relation to seed rate, planting geometry Enlist some important varieties suitable for SRI, hybrid rice, aromatic rice, aerobic rice and boro rice 	Interactive lecture Methods of rice cultivation Activity • Field demonstration of Biasi, Line sowing, transplanting and SRI • Familiarisation of different rice varieties

Demonstrate the knowledge of Growth stages of Rice	1. Describe the growth stages of rice (Seedling, Vegetative, Reproductive and Ripening)	 Demonstrate the knowledge of growth stages of rice Demonstrate the knowledge of Early, Medium & Late varieties in relation to Seedling, Vegetative, Reproductive and Ripening stages of paddy 	Interactive lectures Growth stages of Rice Activity Field demonstration Video Sessions
Demonstrate the knowledge of Implements / machinery required for paddy cultivation	1. Describe the Implements required for land preparation 2. State the Implements required for direct seeded and line sowing rice 3. State the machinery required for paddy transplanting - rotavator, paddy transplanter	 Enlist implement for land preparation Enlist implement for direct seedling and line sowing Demonstrate the knowledge of various types of paddy transplanter 	Interactive lectures Machinery required for paddy cultivation Activity • Field demonstrations

Unit Code: AG302-NQ2014				
Unit 2 Title: Rice Varieties in India (Duration: 15 hours)				
Location : Classroom	and Field			
Learning Outcome	Knowledge	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and	
	Evaluation		Training Method	
Demonstrate the knowledge of varieties of rice and different areas, production and productivity of rice	1. Describe area, production and productivity of rice 2. Explain high yielding varities of rice (HYV) 3. Describe hybrid rice 4. Describe about aromatic rice 5. Explain aerobic rice	 Compare the area, production and productivity of different rice growing states in India Enlist some high yielding varieties (with duration and yield) Demonstrate the knowledge of promising hybrid rice varieties (with duration and yield) Demonstrate the knowledge of promising aromatic varieties (with duration and yield) Demonstrate the knowledge of promising aromatic varieties (with duration and yield) Demonstrate the knowledge of promising aerobic varieties (with duration and yield) 	Interactive lectures Varieties of rice and different areas of rice production in India Activity • Field demonstrations	

Demonstrate the knowledge of importance and method of seed production	1. Explain importance and method of Breeder seed, Foundation seed and Certified seed 2. Describe the importance of isolation distance and roguing	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of seed standards, genetic purity of breeder seed, foundation seed and certified seed 2. Explain the importance and use of Hybrid rice/and High Yielding Varieties(HYV) 3. Explain the need of isolation distance and Roguing at different stages of the crop	Interactive lectures Techniques and precautions undertaken in seed production of breeder, foundation and certified seeds of varieties and hybrids Activity • Field demonstrations
Demonstrate the knowledge about the yield, maturity quality traits and resistance to biotic and abiotic stresses of different varieties and hybrids	Describe the traits responsible for yield of different varieties and their suitability against to diseases, pests and drought	Explain identification traits of varieties resistant to diseases, pest and drought situations	Interactive lectures Yield , quality and resistant traits of different varieties and hybrids of rice under cultivation in different agro climatic conditions of India Activity • Field demonstrations
Describe the varieties of rice suitable to overcome the malnutrition problem	1. Describe best varieties with high iron/ zinc/vitamin 'A' 2. Explain the varieties of red rice	1. Identify some rice varieties with high iron, zinc and vitamin 'A' 2. Enlist popular red rice varieties in India	Interactive lectures Varieties of rice suitable to fight against malnutrition Activity • Field demonstrations

Unit Code: AG303-NQ2014					
Unit 3 Title: Nursery	Unit 3 Title: Nursery Preparation (Duration: 25 hours)				
Location : Classroom	and Field				
Learning Outcome	Knowledge	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and		
	Evaluation		Training Method		
Demonstrate the	1. Describe different	1. Identify various types of	Interactive		
knowledge of site	types of Nursery	nursery	lectures		
and size of nursery	2. Describe the	2. Enlist the different criteria	Nursery		
and seed rate and	suitable/ideal	suitable for nursery	Preparation		
seed treatment (HYV	place for nursery	preparation			
& Hybrids)	preparation	3. Demonstrate the knowledge	• Field		
	3. Explain improved	of proper nursery bed	demonstratio		
	nursery	preparation	ns		
	4. Describe seed	4. Demonstrate the knowledge			
	rate for HYV and	of calculation of per sq.mt.			
	hybrids	area of nursery for seed			
	5. Define seed	sowing			
	treatment	5. Enlist different seed			
		treatment			

Describe the methods of nursery preparation and compost/nutrient application	Describe Ploughing Explain Incorporation of FYM/ compost/ fertilizer and micronutrients Describe different seed sowing methods State different weeds of paddy nursery Explain the management of nursery against weeds through	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of ploughing depth 2. Estimation of doses of NPK per sq.mt. of nursery bed 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of different sowing methods 1. Identify and enlist different weeds of paddy nursery 2. Enlist name of the herbicides with doses	Interactive lectures Weed Management Activity • Field demonstrations
Demonstrate the knowledge of Pest/ disease management	herbicides 1. Describe bird and rodent damage control 2. Describe different pests 3. State different diseases	Demonstrate the knowledge of different bird and rodent damage control methods Demonstrate the knowledge of insecticides and its applicable doses Demonstrate the knowledge of fungicides and its application	Interactive lectures Pest and Disease Management Activity • Field demonstrations
Describe the methods of Land Preparation (general)	Describe the methods of ploughing, puddling and leveling	 Demonstrate the knowledge of time of ploughing, harrowing and leveling Enlist the benefits of leveling Demonstrate the knowledge of best soil for puddling 	Interactive lectures Methods of Land Preparation Activity • Field demonstrations
Demonstrate the knowledge of water application for land preparation	Describe different methods of irrigation and time duration	Identify different methods of irrigation and time duration Demonstrate the knowledge of adequate water level 3.	Interactive lectures Water application for land preparation Activity • Field demonstrations
Demonstrate the knowledge of Bund preparation to protect, extra water seepage, clean the bunds	Describe different methods of bund preparation according to field conditions	Demonstrate the knowledge of preventing from rodents burrowing	Interactive lectures Bund Preparation Activity Field demonstrations for chemical doses
Demonstrate the knowledge of farm implements	State the implements for ploughing, puddling and leveling	 Identify and enlist the implements for ploughing and puddling Demonstrate the knowledge of Laser leveler 	Interactive lectures Farm Implements Activity • Field demonstrations

Unit Code : AG304	Unit Code: AG304-NQ2014			
Unit 4 Title: Seedling Management and Transplantation/Crop Establishment				
(Duration: 25 hou	(Duration: 25 hours)			
Location : Classro				
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method	
Demonstrate the knowledge of selection of appropriate site for nursery growing	 Describe types of site selected for nursery Define the criteria on the basis of which site is selected for nursery preparation Describe the quality of best site 	Demonstrate the knowledge of proper site selection for nursery Demonstrate the knowledge of quality of best site	Interactive lecture Selection of appropriate site for nursery growing Activity Use of charts for selection of site Field demonstration	
Describe Nursery management, healthy seedling management for water nutrient and diseases during nursery period	Explain healthy seedling Describe nursery management for water nutrient and diseases	Identify healthy seedling Enlist various ways for management of nursery for water nutrient and diseases	Interactive lecture Nursery management and seedling management Activity • Field demonstration	
Demonstrate the knowledge of rejection of improper nursery and age of seedling for transplanting	 Describe the method for rejection of nursery plants Explain age of seedling suitable for transplanting Describe seedling age and yield losses 	Identify improper nursery Demonstrate the knowledge of proper age of seedling for transplanting Demonstrate the knowledge of yield losses with late sowing	Interactive lecture Rejection of improper nursery and age of seedling for transplanting Activity • Field demonstration	
Demonstrate the knowledge of transport of seedling to right place	Describe the means used for transportation of seedling State the precautions should be taken during transport of seedling to right place	 Enlist different ways and means of transportation of seedlings from nursery to planting field. Enlist different precautions under taken during transportation of seedlings 	Interactive lecture transportation of seedlings Activity • Field demonstration	
Demonstrate the knowledge of transplanting procedures of seedling field	Describe different methods of transplanting seedling Describe repair of field for transplanting	Identify different methods of transplanting Demonstrate the knowledge of field preparation	Interactive lecture Transplanting procedures of seedling field Activity • Field demonstration	
Demonstrate the knowledge of method of transplanting	Describe Line transplanting (spacing, number of plants per hill,	Demonstrate the knowledge of spacing maintained for line	Interactive lectures Method of transplanting	

and precaution during transplanting	variety/ hybrid) 2. State different types of spacing for transplantation 3. Describe synchronous transplanting 4. Explain Pure seedling	transplanting 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of calculating per square meter plant population in nursery 3. Enlist different types of spacing 4. Enlist the benefits of synchronous transplanting (irrigation and pest incidence)?	• Field demonstration
Demonstrate the knowledge of Direct Seeded	 Describe proper puddling and leveling of fields State the advantages and limitations of Direct Seeding 	Demonstrate the knowledge of preparation of field under direct seeded condition	Interactive lectures Direct Seeded Activity • Field demonstrations

Unit Code: AG305-NQ 2014				
Unit 5 Title: Water Management (Duration: 10 hours)				
Location : Classroo	om and Field			
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training	
Outcome		Evaluation	Method	
Describe	 Describe best 	1. Demonstrate the	Interactive lecture	
Irrigation	irrigation method	knowledge various	Irrigation Management	
Management	suited to variety of	factors related to		
	paddy as per water	water loss, water		
	availability	depth at different	Activity	
	2. Explain water	growing stages of	 Field demonstrations 	
	management at	paddy		
	different water depth	2. Demonstrate the		
	at different stages of	role of water /		
	crop	optimum moisture		
	3. Describe alternative	required for		
	wetting and drying	tillering, panicle		
		initiation and grain		
		filling		
Describe water	1. Describe the points	1. Demonstrate the	Interactive lecture	
use efficiency	to maximize water	knowledge of Paddy	Water use efficiency	
	use efficiency	bunds field level,		
		pudding and time of	Activity	
		harvesting	 Field demonstrations 	

Unit Code: AG306-NQ2014				
Unit 6 Title: Integrated Nutrient Management (Duration: 20 hours)				
Location : Classroom and Field				
Learning	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance	Teaching and Training	
Outcome	_	Evaluation	Method	
Demonstrate the	1. Describe various	1. Demonstrate the	Interactive lecture	
knowledge of Soil	procedures of soil	knowledge of	Soil Sampling	
Sampling	sampling	collecting soil as per		

	State various nutrients that are analyzed Describe the components of soil analysis report	the recommended sampling procedures from field 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of procedures to dry the soil and prepare sample	Activity Field demonstration Practical (self performance)
Demonstrate the knowledge of testing for macro and specific micro nutrient in soil	 Describe types of soil and their advantages & disadvantages with reference to the nutrient status Explain various methods of land preparation to maintain soil tilth and nutrient status 	Explain various methods of soil testing for macro and micronutrients. Collection of soil samples for testing	Interactive lecture Soil testing methods for macro and micro nutrients Activity Field demonstration Practical on soil testing.
Demonstrate the knowledge of application of organic and inorganic fertilizers	Describe the selection criteria and procedure of appropriate organic and inorganic fertilizers State the use of organic manures Explain various cultural practices that enhance the soil nutrient status	 Identify appropriate organic and inorganic fertilizers Enlist different types of biofertilizers and green manures Demonstrate the knowledge of use of various culture practices that enhance the soil 	Interactive lecture Application of organic and inorganic fertilizers Activity Field demonstration
Describe the methods of application of various fertilizers and micronutrients	Describe the appropriate methods of application of various fertilizers and micronutrients	 Identify appropriate method of application of various fertilizers and micronutrients Demonstrate the knowledge of use of various methods of various cultivars 	Interactive lecture Methods of application of fertilizers and micronutrients Activity Field visit Practical (self performance)
Demonstrate the knowledge of selection of appropriate fertilizer as per soil requirement	Describe suitable fertilizers for supply of micronutrients	Select best fertilizers and micronutrients	Interactive lecture Use of different fertilizers for supply of micronutrients • Activity preparation of posters and charts
Describe Nutrient Deficiency	Explain the effects of nutrient on plants & deficiency symptoms of various nutrients (Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Potassium, Sulphur, Zinc and Magnesium)	Identify the effects of nutrient deficiency on plants Demonstrate the knowledge of deficiency symptoms of various nutrients	Interactive lecture Nutrient Deficiency in Plants Activity Field demonstration

Demonstrate the knowledge of recommended dose of fertilizer	Describe the recommended dose of fertilizer for different varieties of paddy Explain the adverse effect of over and under dose of fertilizer	Demonstrate the knowledge of recommended dose of fertilizer for different varieties of paddy	Interactive lecture Dose of fertilizer for different varieties of paddy Activity • Field demonstration
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Unit Code: AG307-NQ2014 Unit 7 Title: Integrated Pest Management and Disease Management (Duration: 25 hours) Location: Classroom and Field Teaching and Learning Knowledge Performance Evaluation Outcome Evaluation Training Method 1. Describe different Identify major 1. Identify different types of pests Interactive lecture pests of paddy pests of paddy 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of Major pests to paddy and symptoms 2. State the nature of pest attack and yield and symptoms of of their attack their attack symptoms of losses pest's attack on rice plant Activity Field visits Step by step diagnosis for rice insect pest Demonstrate 1. Describe different 1. Identify types of diseases Interactive lecture the knowledge diseases of paddy associated with paddy Major diseases of of major 2. State the 3. Identify crop stage and disease paddy diseases of symptoms of individual different diseases 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of Activity paddy of paddy Disease Calendar Field visits 5. Identify signs and symptoms of Step by step different diseases diagnosis for rice 6. Identify mode of transmission insect pest Demonstrate 1. Describe cultural 1. Identify various cultural practices Interactive lecture the knowledge practices of pest of pest control Methods of pest 2. Enlist resistant varieties regarding control control preventive, 2. Explain seed and 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of cultural, seedling different method of seed/ mechanical and treatment seedling treatment Activity 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of transgenic 3. Describe chemical Field visits methods for control method use of resistant varieties of rice Video 5. Enlist insect-wise main chemical control of 4. Explain Mechanical control pests/ insects control 5 Describe the use 6. Enlist the transgenic varieties of of transgenic rice varieties for pest 7. Identify an enlist various control pheromones traps 8. Enlist various practices for erecting bird nursery/ rice field maturity stage. 9. Demonstrate the knowledge of different ways to control rodent in rice field/ godown/warehouses

Preventive,	1. Describe the	1. Identify various	Interactive lecture
cultural and	cultural practices of control diseases	cultural practices of	Methods of Disease Control
mechanical		disease control	A saturate .
method of	2. Explain the	2. Demonstrate the	Activity
diseases	chemical and non-	knowledge of seed	 Field visits
	chemical	treatment	 Take up planting
	approaches for	3. Demonstrate the	modification
	disease	knowledge of various	
	management	approaches of disease	
	3. Describe seed	control viz., chemical	
	treatment	approach and non-	
		chemical approach	

Unit Code : AG308-NQ2014 Unit 8 Title: Weed Management (Duration: 10 hours) Location : Classroom and Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of weeds of paddy crop	State weeds and their influence on crop yield	Identify narrow and broad leaf weeds	Interactive lecture Weeds of paddy crop Activity Field visit		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Weed Management	Describe weed control by herbicides pre-emergence weedicides Describe Post-emergence weedicides State natural ways of control of weeds	1. Enlist pre- emergence weedicides and its application dose 2. Demonstrate the knowledge of crop stages and water level for weedicides application 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of new post-emergence weedicides and application doses 4. Demonstrate the knowledge of crop stages, weed stages and water level	Interactive lecture Weed Management Activity • Field visit		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Weeding Implements	Describe Conoweeder, Rotary weeder Describe Sprayer with flat fan nozzle	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of different types of weeding implements used in cultivation and use of herbicides for eradication of weeds 2. enlist the conventional implements used in weeding in paddy fields	Interactive lecture Weed Implements Activity • Field visit		

NSQF Level 4 (Class 12)

Unit 1 Title: Straw Management (Duration: 10 hours) Location: Classroom and Field Learning Knowledge Evaluation Performance Teaching and Training					
Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Evaluation	Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Chemical composition, C:N ratio of rice straw and its uses	Describe Rice straw NPK composition Explain impact of C:N ratio on rice straw	Identify the % of NPK in rice straw Demonstrate the knowledge of C:N ratio	Interactive lectures Chemical composition of rice straw in relation to C:N ratio		
Describe methods for rice straw management	Describe various methods for decomposing rice straw for composting, Explain Green manuring in field by rice straw Describe Straw burning	Demonstrate the knowledge of decomposition of straw using Trichoderma Demonstrate the knowledge of Green manuring with groundnut plants	Interactive lectures Methods for rice straw management		
Identify the uses of rice straw	Describe rice straw uses for making different products - paper, ropes and packing material	Enlist various products prepared from rice straw	Interactive lectures Uses of Rice Straw		

Unit Code: AG402-NQ2014 Unit 2 Title: Intercultural Operations in Paddy (Duration: 20 hours) Location: Classroom and Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Intercultural operation during sowing and planting	Explain <i>Biasi</i> operations in directed seeded rice - ploughing in standing fields and <i>Chalai</i> Describe Gap filling in transplanted fields	Enlist the Advantages of <i>Biasi</i> Demonstrate the knowledge of time when gap filling is carried out	Interactive lectures Intercultural operation during sowing and planting		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Intercultural operations during weeding	Describe Manual weeding Describe Mechanical weeding Describe By Conoweeder in SRI method	Demonstrate the knowledge of manual weeding Identify different types of weeder	Interactive lecture Intercultural operations during weeding		

Unit Code: AG403-NQ2014						
	Unit 3 Title: Harvesting and Storage (Duration: 20 hours) Location: Classroom and Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method			
Describe Harvesting, threshing and winnowing	 Explain proper stage and time of harvesting, losses of early and late harvesting State various methods of threshing Explain why timely harvesting and threshing is compulsory 	Demonstrate the knowledge of appropriate stage and time of harvesting	Interactive lectures Harvesting, threshing and winnowing			
Explain Storing paddy	 Explain safe storage system State losses with high moisture content Describe types of storage 	Demonstrate the knowledge of Ideal storage conditions Demonstrate the knowledge of managing store grain pests Demonstrate the knowledge of moisture level at storage Enlist different types of storage	Interactive lectures Storing Paddy			
Describe the methods of Harvesting and Threshing	 Describe Manual harvesting by sickles Describe Mechanical harvesting by reaper/combiner Explain Manual harvesting by pedal thresher Describe Mechanical harvesting by thresher 	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of manual harvesting 2. Enlist different types of reaper and combine harvester 3. Demonstrate the knowledge of pedal thresher 4. Identify different types of thresher	Interactive lectures methods of Harvesting and Threshing			

Unit Code: AG404-NQ2014 Unit 4 Title: Health and Safety at Workplace (Duration: 20 hours) Location: Classroom and Field						
Learning Outcome	Learning Knowledge Evaluation Performance Teaching and Training					
Demonstrate the knowledge of Health and safety during field operations	Explain the harmful effects of various pesticides/ agrochemicals	Identify improper use of pesticides - symptoms	Interactive lectures Health and safety during field operations			
Explain Safe guards	Describe safe methods of handling the pesticides/ agrochemicals	Enlist the precautions handling pesticides/ agrochemicals	Interactive lectures Safe guards			

Demonstrate the	1.	Explain First aid to	1.	Identify type of first	Interactive lectures
knowledge of First		the exposure of		aid provided to	First Aids
Aids		humans to harmful		control the harmful	
		effects of pesticides		effect of pesticides	
Demonstrate the	1.	Describe safe use of	1.	Demonstrate the	Interactive lectures
knowledge of		different harvesting		knowledge of safe	Health and safety during
Health and safety		and threshing reapers		use of various	harvesting and threshing
during harvesting		and implements		reapers, threshers	_
and threshing		•		and harvesters	

Unit Code: AG405-NQ2014 Unit 5 Title: Handling Emergency Situations (Duration: 20 hours)						
Location : Classroo	Location: Classroom and Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method			
Demonstrate the	Describe the	Demonstrate the	Interactive lectures			
knowledge of contingent plan on the basis of monsoon situation (a) Delay in onset of monsoon	practices to be followed shift from long duration to short duration varieties Explain sowing of paddy nursery at 15 days interval Explain conservation of pre-monsoon soil moisture through soil/ straw/ grass mulching Describe adoption of close spacing of plants and increasing N fertilizer rate by 20 to 25% Explain adoption of SRI cultivation method	knowledge of different activities carried out to handle the situation of delay in onset of monsoon	Delay in onset of monsoon			
(b) Early	Describ ethe	Demonstrate the	Interactive lectures			
withdrawal of monsoon	practices to be followed harvesting crop at physiological maturity 2. Explain water conservation and management practices to be followed 3. Describe efficient use of stored water for lift saving irrigation 4. Explain appropriate pest and disease management	knowledge of different activities carried out to handle early withdrawal of monsoon 2. Demonstrate the knowledge to prepare for the ensuring rabi season to reduces the loss	Early withdrawal of monsoon			

(c) Timely onset and sudden withdrawal of monsoon	1. Describe the practices to be followed to avoid sowing till sufficient rains have been received 2. Explian if sowing is delayed, plant short duration varieties 3. Describe practices thin crop stand reduce plant population and use the biomass as mulch, intercultural operation to control the weeds in case of upland rice 4. Explain rain water conservation 5. Describe Foliar application of urea 2%, where moisture is a constraint	1. Demonstrate the knowledge of different activities carried out to handle the situation of timely onset and sudden withdrawal of monsoon	Interactive lectures Timely onset and sudden withdrawal of monsoon
(d) Break in monsoon	 Describe the practices to be followed for water conservation (farm pond and raising bund heights) and management (life saving irrigation, thinning plant population, 2% urea spraying, etc.) Describe conserving moisture for rabi sowing Explain utilizing paddy fallows for second crop Describe spraying Boron and potassium to increases drought tolerance 	Demonstrate the knowledge of different activities carried out to handle the break in monsoon situation	Break in Monsoon
(e) Outbreak of disease and pest	Describe pest and disease resistant varieties	Enlist important pest and disease resistant varieties	Interactive lectures Pest and disease resistant varieties

Unit Code: AG406-NQ2014						
Unit 6 Title: Rig	Unit 6 Title: Rights and Responsibilities of Paddy Worker (Duration: 20 hours)					
Location : Class	room and Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method			
Demonstrate the knowledge of Rights of paddy worker	 Explain timely agro-advisory - SMS mobile, Radio, TV, etc. Describe easy procurement - e- procurement State farmers' right under PPV & FRA act 2001 (9 rights) 	 Demonstrate the knowledge of type of advisory Demonstrate the knowledge of e- procurement Enlist different rights for farmers under the act 	Interactive lectures Rights of paddy worker			
Demonstrate the knowledge of responsibilities of paddy worker	 Explain individual responsibility to increase productivity Describe the techniques to save the water (natural resources) Explain Eco-friendly cultivation- IPM, INM 	 Demonstrate the knowledge of productivity Identify different water saving techniques Demonstrate the knowledge of eco/environment friendly cultivation of paddy 	Interactive lectures Responsibilities of paddy worker			

Unit Code : AG407-NQ2014 Unit 7 Title: Paddy Marketing (Duration: 20 hours) Location : Classroom and Field					
Learning Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Performance Evaluation	Teaching and Training Method		
Classify Market	Describe Primary market Describe Secondary market Describe Long term (terminal market) Explain weekly, daily and seasonal market	Enlist different type of markets	Interactive lectures Classification of Market		
Describe Market Channel	Explain Producer to consumer Describe Producer-wholesaler-retailer-consumer Describe Producer-retailer-rice mill owner-commission agent-consumer	Enlist differ marketing channels	Interactive lectures Market Channels		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Market Cost	Describe Transportation cost Describe Loss during marketing Explain Market fees (chungi)	Demonstrate the knowledge of components involved in market cost	Interactive lectures Market Cost		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Marketable Surplus	Describe Planning of sale of the produce	Demonstrate the knowledge of Marketable Surplus	Interactive lectures Marketable Surplus		
Demonstrate the knowledge of Marketed Surplus	Explain actual sale of the produce	Demonstrate the knowledge of What is marketed surplus	Interactive lectures Marketed Surplus		
Demostrate the knowledge of krishi upaj mandi in relation to demand and supply of rice	Describe the role of krishi upaj mandi for price fixing	List the details of Krishi Upaj Mandi and Commodity market activities during visit	Interactive lectures Role of krishi upaj mandi in relation to demand and supply of rice		

Unit Code: AG408-NQ2014					
Unit 8Title: Communication Skills at Workplace (Duration: 20 hours)					
	Location : Classroom and Field Performance Teaching and Training				
Outcome	Knowledge Evaluation	Evaluation	Method		
Learning Outcome 1. Understands meaning, concept and importance of communication skills at workplace 2. Know differed types of skill required at workplace 3. Understand and respond written communication 1. Acquired all four linguistics skills i.e. writing, speaking, listening and reading skills in relation to the job role	2. What are the different types of communication skills including value based communication and entrepreneurial skills i.e. listening to all members of the team, empathy, patience, clarity in instructions, positivity, use of respectful language (oral skills) and ability to resolve conflicts amongst team members at workplace 3. What technological	Performance Evaluation 1. Explain communication 2. What do you understand about communication and its importance at workplace 3. Write different types of communication skills 4. Enlist four linguistic skills required for communication with example of each one related to the job role 5. Effective communication at workplace i.e. agriculture field, dairy farm, shrimp hatchery, etc.	Teaching and Training Method 1. Organising video and interactive sessions on communication and technological skills required at workplace 2. Showing video shots specially taken for communication at agriculture field during various field operations e.g. nursery bed preparation, transplantation and seed sowing, spraying of chemicals, application of fertilizers and manure, harrowing etc. where instructions to field staff are involved. 3. Practice sessions on writing, listening, reading and speaking skills for correct pronunciation of different implements, equipment, chemicals, crops, seeds and variety names in Hindi,		
5. Effectively communicate at workplace with supervisors and field state including unskilled labour force. 6. Handle job related technological skills in relation communication.	develop these in trainees? 4. What methods are used to develop effective communication skills in trainees required at workplace?		English or common local specific names 4. This practice is required for clear instructions to us and semi-skilled workers at the field during farm operations		

Note: Trainers are suggested to use examples and terminologies in developing and demonstrating writing, speaking, listening and reading skills related to the concerned job role/ occupation viz., Agriculture—paddy/ Sugarcane field/ Micro-irrigation enterprise/ Dairy farm/ Shrimp hatchery.

9. Assessment Guide

Assessment is a process used for determining an individual's progress or level of mastery/competence in an occupational area. It may be formative (continuous) and/or summative (final). It is a process of collecting evidence and making judgment about the extent to which a person demonstrates the knowledge and skills set out in the standards or learning outcomes of a unit of competency. Assessment should be done on the basis of information or evidence about the individual's ability against clearly stated objectives or standards. A diversity of assessment methods is required to achieve the multiple purposes and to satisfy the requirements of competency based assessment. Appropriate evidence is to be collected from activities that can be clearly related to the Units of Competency. It should cover all the elements and performance criteria/indicators in the competency standards. Student's achievements should be assessed by using the following methods of assessment.

S.	Method of Assessments	Weightage	Evaluator
No.		(Max. marks)	
1.	Written test	30	Teacher
2.	Practical test	30	Certified Assessor #
3.	Oral test/viva voce	10	Teacher/External Examiner
4.	Portfolio	10	Teacher
5.	Project	10	Teacher/Trainer
6.	Direct Observation	10	Teacher/Trainer
Total		100	

Assessors will be certified by the State Education Board.

- 1. Written test: It allows candidates to demonstrate that they have the knowledge and understanding of a given topic.
- 2. **Practical test**: It allows candidates to demonstrate application of skills in simulated or real work conditions against competency standards (skill and academic standards).
- 3. **Oral test/viva voce**: It allows candidates to demonstrate communication skills and content knowledge. Audio or video recording can be done at the time of oral test or viva voce.
- 4. **Portfolio**: It is a compilation of documents that supports the candidate's claim of competence that was acquired from prior learning and practical experience. Documents (including photo's, newspaper articles, reports, etc.) of practical experience in the workplace or the community and photographs of the products prepared by the candidates related to the units of competency should be included in the portfolio.
- 5. **Project:** Projects (individual or group projects) are a great way to assess the practice skills on a deadline, but these should be given on the basis of the capability of the individual to perform the tasks or activities involved in the project. Projects should be discussed in the class and the teacher should periodically monitor the progress of the project and provide feedback for improvement and innovation.
- 6. Direct Observation: Direct observation requires a considerable degree of commitment from the observer and those being observed. Employability skills evaluation listed below in the table should be evaluated through direct observation by the teacher/trainer and appropriate records should be maintained for transparency in evaluation.

Employability Skill Area	S. No.	Competencies and Performance Standards	Competent	Not Yet Competent
Communication	1.	Questions appropriately		
	2.	Writes clearly and legibly		
	3.	Demonstrates good listening and responding skills		
	4.	Informs about the absence and reasons of absence		
Responsibility	5.	Organizes work		
	6.	Manages time effectively and efficiently		
	7.	Complete assignments timely		
	8.	Displays care for tools and equipment		
	9.	Accepts responsibility pleasantly		
	10.	Exhibits patience		
	11.	Demonstrates pride in work		
Interpersonal relationship	12.	Displays friendly and cooperative attitude		
	13.	Demonstrates tactfulness in difficult situations		
	14.	Accepts constructive criticism		
	15.	Exhibits positive attitude		
Health and Safety	16.	Practices good personal hygiene regularly		
	17.	Maintains good personal health		
	18.	Dresses well and in appropriate manner		
Innovation and Creativity	19.	Give reasons and make judgments objectively		
	20.	Share ideas and thoughts with others		

10. List of Tools, Equipment and Materials

The list given below is suggestive and an exhaustive list should be prepared by the teacher. Only basic tools, equipment and accessories should be procured by the Institution so that the routine tasks can be performed by the students regularly for practice and acquiring adequate practical experience. Teachers should make frequent field visits to demonstrate the functioning, use and maintenance of various agricultural tools, implements and machineries.

- 1. Axes
- 2. Auger
- 3. Biofertilizers
- 4. Chaff Cutter
- 5. Disc Harrow
- 6. Drip Irrigation Unit
- 7. Dutch Hand Hoe

- 8. Farmyard Manure
- 9. Fertilizers
- 10. Garden Hand Tools
- 11. Garden Hoes
- 12. Garden Knife
- 13. Garden Rake
- 14. Garden/Digging Fork

- 15. Garden/Digging Spade
- 16. Hand Screens/Sieves
- 17. Hoe
- 18. Hoes
- 19. Knapsack Sprayer
- 20. Leaf Rake
- 21. Levellers
- 22. Long Handle Hoes
- 23. Loppers or Pruning Saw
- 24. Maize Sheller
- 25. Multi Crop Thresher
- 26. Offset Disc Harrows
- 27. Paddy Thresher
- 28. Plastics Baskets
- 29. Plough
- 30. Polybags (different sizes)
- 31. Potato Digger
- 32. Pruners
- 33. Pruning Knife
- 34. Pruning Shears
- 35. Pumpsets
- 36. Rigid Tillers
- 37. Rotary Tiller
- 38. Rotary Tillers
- 39. Sanitizers
- 40. Secateurs
- 41. Seeds of various Agricultural Crops
- 42. Seed Processing Machine
- 43. Seed Thresher
- 44. Seed Treating Equipment
- 45. Seed-cum-Fertilizer Drill
- 46. Shovels
- 47. Specialty Spades
- 48. Soil Scoop
- 49. Spring Loaded Tillers
- 50. Sprinkler Irrigation Unit
- 51. Sprinklers
- 52. Straw Reaper
- 53. Tractor
- 54. Trowels
- 55. Vegetable Seed Extractor

- 56. Vermicompost
- 57. Water Hose
- 58. Watering Can
- 59. Zero Till Seed cum Ferti Drill
- 60. PH meter, Conductivity bridge, Nitrogen analyzer, Spectrophotometer, Flame photometer
- 61. Seed materials as per curriculum
- 62. Fertilizer samples
- 63. Seed bed preparation spade, khudali, tape, ropes, tagadi
- 64. Dusters, sprayers
- 65. Soil testing kit
- 66. Models of implements used in crop production
- 67. Measuring cylinder, bucket, knapsack, sprayer, locally available small pack of pesticides.
- 68. Pheromone trap for major insect pest available in local market.
- 69. Paddy rotrivator
- 70. Paddy drum seedler
- 71. Paddy transplanter
- 72. Power tiller
- 73. Power sprayer
- 74. Conoweeder
- 75. Improved paddy biasi plough (bushing cultivation)
- 76. Tractor with seed drill
- 77. Paddy cultivator & puddler
- 78. Cage-wills
- 79. Paddy combiner (small)
- 80. Paddy reaper
- 81. Paddy thresher
- 82. Weighing machine
- 83. Moisture meter
- 84. Measuring cylinder

Materials

- 1. Seedling
- 2. Fertilizers
- 3. Insecticides
- 4. Weedicides
- 5. Fungicides
- 6. Micro-nutrients

11. Teacher's Qualifications

Qualification, competencies and other requirements for Graduate Teacher on contractual basis are as follows:

Essential Qualification	Desirable Qualification	Age Limit
Graduate in Agriculture with minimum 55% marks from a recognized university/institution with 2 years experience in teaching or work experience in Agriculture related industry OR Masters degree in Agriculture related discipline from a recognized university/institution with minimum 55% marks and 1 year experience in teaching or work experience in Agriculture related industry	 B. Ed. Effective communication skills (oral and written) Basic computing skills. 	18-40 years (as on Jan. 01 (year)) Age relaxation to be provided as per Govt. rules.

12. List of Reference Books and Instructional Material

- 1. A Handbook of Animal Husbandry for Extension Workers. Singh, Harbans. Directorate of extension, Ministry of food and agriculture.
- 2. Dairy Farming and Milk Production. C.P. Anantkrishanan & P.N. Padmananbhan. Shri Lakhshmi Publication, 42 Harelys road, Kalipank, Madras.
- 3. Animal Reproduction and Artificial Insemination (Reference Book), NCERT.
- 4. Dairy Animal Management. Instructional-cum-Practical Manual, NCERT.
- 5. Feeds and Feeding of Dairy Animals. Instructional-cum-Practical Manual, NCERT.
- 6. Milk and Milk Products. Instructional-cum-Practical Manual, NCERT.
- 7. Milk and Milk products (Reference book), NCERT.
- 8. Poultry Husbandry, by Morlay A. Jull. Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Com. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 9. Poultry Breeding, by Jull, M.A. Jhon Wiley and sons Inc. New York Chapman and Hall Ltd. London.
- 10. Poultry Production, by R.A. Singh, Kalyani Publisher, Ludhiana, Delhi.
- 11. Laboratory Manual on Poultry Production, by C.K. Agarwal and R.A. Singh, Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar 125004
- 12. Poultry Production, by Panda, B and Mohapatra, S.C. ICAR, New Delhi.
- 13. Poultry Breeding by R.P. Singh & J. Kumar, Kalyani Publishers.
- 14. Agarwal, R. L. Seed Technology, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi 110005.
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- 17. Hand Book of Agriculture, ICAR, New Delhi 110 0016
- 18. India Farming, ICAR Publication, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi 110 001.
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- 20. Khad Patrika (Hindi), FAI Publication, New Delhi 110 0016.
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- 22. Sinha V.R.P. and Ramachandran V, 1985. Freshwater Fish Culture, Published by Indian Council of Agriculture Research, New Delhi, 1-76.

- 23. Jhigran V.G., 1975. Fish and Fisheries of India, Published by Hindustan Publishing Corporation (I), New Delhi.
- 24. Chaudhuri H.L. and Singh S.B., 1984. Induced Breeding of Carps, Published by Indian Council of Agriculture Research, New Delhi, 1-82.

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